

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SSP-Grout, B-Side  
Feb 17, 2017

---

## SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

---

**Product ID:** 10-11559  
**Product Name:** SSP-Grout, B-Side  
**Revision Date:** Feb 17, 2017 **Date Printed:** Feb 17, 2017  
**Version:** 1.0 **Supersedes Date:** N.A.  
**Manufacturer's Name:** Solid Solution Products  
**Address:** 3051 E. La Jolla St. Unit G Anaheim, Ca. 92806  
**Emergency Phone:** Chemtrec:800-424-9300 (account: CCN1217) OR International:703-527-3887 (account:CCN1217)  
**Information Phone Number:** (714) 747-5785  
**Fax:** (714) 603-7390  
**Product/Recommended Uses:** For Further Information, Refer to the Product Technical Data Sheet.

---

## SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

---

### Classification:

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1  
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B  
Carcinogenicity - Category 1B  
Flammable Liquids - Category 3

### Pictograms:



### Signal Word:

Danger

### Hazardous Statements - Physical:

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

### Hazardous Statements - Health:

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H340 - May cause genetic defects.  
H350 - May cause cancer.

### Precautionary Statements - General:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P103 - Read label before use.

### Precautionary Statements - Prevention:

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

- P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 - Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
- P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

**Precautionary Statements - Response:**

- P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
- P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam to extinguish.  
For detailed information, see Section-5 (Fire Fighting Measures)

**Precautionary Statements - Storage:**

- P405 - Store locked up.
- P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal:**

- P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0064741-65-7	ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS	6% - 11%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

**SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:**

- Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

**Skin Contact:**

- Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 15-20 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact:**

- Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion:**

- Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell/If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:**

- Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:**

- Water and foam may cause violent frothing and possibly endanger the life of the fire fighter, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning material.

**Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:**

- Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon and nitrogen, various hydrocarbons.

**Fire-fighting Procedures:**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

**Special Protective Actions:**

Care should always be exercised in dust/mist areas.

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

---

**SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

---

**Emergency Procedure:**

Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately.

**Recommended Equipment:**

Appropriate dust or face mask to eliminate breathing foam dust particulates.

**Personal Precautions:**

Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

**Environmental Precautions:**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

**Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up:**

Confine spillage and absorb on sand, sawdust, or other suitable absorbent material and transfer to a sealed container.

---

**SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

---

**General:**

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Vent containers before melting the material.

**Ventilation Requirements:**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

**Storage Room Requirements:**

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

---

**SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

---

**Eye Protection:**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles.

**Skin Protection:**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

**Respiratory Protection:**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter.

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS	500	2000			1							

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS				

---

**SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

---

**Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	8.19 lb/gal
Specific Gravity	0.98
VOC Regulatory	0.67 lb/gal
<hr/>	
VOC Part A & B Combined	N.A.
Appearance	Liquid
Odor Threshold	N.A.
Odor Description	Mild Hydrocarbon
pH	N.A.
Water Solubility	N.A.
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N.A.
Flash Point	51 °C
Viscosity	N.A.
Lower Explosion Level	N.A.
Upper Explosion Level	N.A.
Vapor Pressure	N.A.
Vapor Density	Heavier than air
Freezing Point	N.A.
Melting Point	N.A.
Low Boiling Point	150 °C
High Boiling Point	N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp	N.A.
Decomposition Pt	N.A.
Evaporation Rate	Slower than ether
Coefficient Water/Oil	N.A.

---

**SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

---

**Stability:**

Material is stable at standard temperature and pressure.

**Conditions to Avoid:**

Avoid storage at low or high temperatures.

**Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:**

Contact with isocyanates and strong oxidizers may cause highly exothermic polymerization reaction, which can be violent.

**Incompatible Materials:**

Strong mineral acids and strong alkalis will seriously degrade material. Heat may be involved.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Combustion by-products: Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbons.

---

**SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:**

No data available

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:**

No data available

**Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:**

No data available

**Carcinogenicity:**

May cause cancer.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:**

May cause genetic defects.

**Reproductive Toxicity:**

No data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:**

No data available

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:**

No data available

**Aspiration Hazard:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

**Acute Toxicity:**

No data available

**Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0064741-65-7 ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

---

**SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**Toxicity:**

No data available

**Persistence and Degradability:**

No data available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential:**

No data available.

**Mobility in Soil:**

No data available.

**Other Adverse Effects:**

No data available.

---

**SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

---

**Waste Disposal:**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine a the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

---

## SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

---

### U.S. DOT Information:

Not regulated.

### IMDG Information:

UN/NA #: 1263  
UN Proper Shipping Name: PAINT  
Hazard Class: 3  
Packing Group: III  
Placard: Flammable  
Marine Pollutant: No data available

### IATA Information:

UN/NA #: 1263  
UN Proper Shipping Name: PAINT  
Hazard Class: 3  
Packing Group: III  
Placard: Flammable

---

## SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

---

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0064741-65-7	ODORLESS MINERAL SPIRITS	6% - 11%	DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA

---

## SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

---

### OTHER INFORMATION:

Note: As per GHS, category 1 is the greatest level of hazard within each class.

### GLOSSARY:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; CA Prop65- California Proposition 65; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### Version 1.0:

Revision Date: Feb 17, 2017  
First Edition.

---

## DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.